PROPOSALS TREASURY — GENERAL

cured within that time, the violation shall not be subject to a penalty. The notice and opportunity to cure may, but is not required to, be issued concurrently with the notice of alleged violation. No extension of the notice and opportunity to cure shall be granted. An alleged notice or reporting violation, or any alleged violation where the company has demonstrated that it directly affects fewer than 25 customers is ineligible for the foregoing 30-day notice and opportunity to cure provision where the Board determines that the alleged violator has demonstrated a pattern or practice of willful and repeated violations occurring within three years prior to the date of the written notice of the particular rule at issue.

- (c) Any penalty that may be assessed pursuant to N.J.S.A. 48:5A-51 may be waived or compromised by the Board. Prior to assessing a penalty, the Board or the Office shall provide the cable television operator with a written explanation, with specificity, of the proposed penalty for each violation and the particular rules alleged to have been violated.
- (d) In determining the amount of penalty, if any, the Board and the Office shall consider:
- 1. The nature, circumstances, and gravity of the violation(s), including, but not limited to, the extent to which customers have been harmed, including the estimated number of customers affected by the alleged violation;
- 2. Any history of prior violations of that particular and specific rule within the past three years;
- 3. Any good faith effort by the operator to achieve compliance or cure the violation within a reasonable time period following notice;
 - 4. Whether the violation was willful; and
 - 5. Any other factors deemed relevant by the Office.
- (e) Enforcement actions must be resolved within 180 days of the date of the written notice, except that the Office may extend the deadline up to an additional 90 days if additional time will serve the public interest. However, the time frame for completion of the enforcement action shall be inapplicable where a cable television operator fails to provide a response to the written notice within the 30-day time period, or 60-day period if extended, in (a) above. Any extension requested pursuant to (a) above will automatically extend the time frame for completion of an enforcement action by the equivalent number of the days of the extension.
- (f) In assessing violations, the Board may not look back more than three years prior to the date of the written notice.

TREASURY — GENERAL

(a)

OFFICE OF THE PUBLIC DEFENDER

Fees for Service

Proposed New Rule: N.J.A.C. 17:39-3

Authorized By: Joseph E. Krakora, Public Defender. Authority: N.J.S.A. 2A:158A-7(j), 16, and 19.

Calendar Reference: See Summary below for explanation of

exception to calendar requirement. Proposal Number: PRN 2014-044.

Submit written comments by June 20, 2014, to:

Andrew Christian Rojas First Assistant Public Defender Office of the Public Defender Hughes Justice Complex P.O. Box 850 Trenton, NJ 08625-0850 Fax: (609) 777-1795

The agency proposal follows:

Summary

Since its inception in 1967, the Office of the Public Defender (OPD) has billed its clients for services rendered pursuant to its statutory

mandate that a defendant represented by the OPD pay for the reasonable value of services. Based upon the prior rule at N.J.A.C. 17:39-3.1, which expired on August 7, 2005, the OPD currently charges its clients for representation by designated counsel and investigators as follows:

- Attorney services in the amount of \$30.00 per hour, in- or out-ofcourt;
- Investigator services in the amount of \$15.00 per hour;
- All litigation expenses (experts and transcripts) at actual cost; and
- A \$50.00 administrative fee, to be paid when client representation commences, to help defray the costs associated with opening a file and beginning representation.

Governor Chris Christie issued Executive Order Nos. 1 and 2 on January 20, 2010, to promulgate administrative rules that emphasize efficiency and effectiveness in New Jersey State government operations. In compliance with these directives, proposed new N.J.A.C. 17:39-3, which consists of N.J.A.C. 17:39-3.1, will replace the aforementioned expired rules containing the existing hourly rate fee schedule with a flat fee rate schedule based on case type and/or degree of associated crime.

In addition to eliminating the existing \$50.00 administrative fee, which helps defray the costs associated with opening a file and beginning representation, proposed new N.J.A.C. 17:39-3.1 includes the following flat fee billing rates:

- 1. Criminal Court (Adult):
- i. For 1st and 2nd degree crimes:
 - (1) Pre-indictment plea: \$250.00;
 - (2) Post-indictment plea: \$500.00;
 - (3) Trial (up to five days): \$750.00; and
 - (4) Trial (every three days beyond initial 5): \$500.00; and
- ii. For 3rd and 4th degree crimes:
 - (1) Pre-indictment plea: \$150.00;
 - (2) Post-indictment plea: \$250.00;
- (3) Trial (up to five days): \$500.00; and
- (4) Trial (every three days beyond initial 5): \$500.00; and
- 2. Family Court (Juvenile Delinquency):
- i. For 1st and 2nd degree crimes:
 - (1) Plea: \$250.00;
 - (2) Trial (up to five days): \$750.00; and
- (3) Trial (every three days beyond initial 5): \$500.00; and
- ii. For 3rd and 4th degree crimes:
 - (1) Plea: \$150.00;
 - (2) Trial (up to five days): \$500.00; and
- (3) Trial (every three days beyond initial 5): \$500.00;
- 3. Drug Court:
- i. Plea: \$250.00; and
- ii. Program completion: \$250.00.
- 4. Intensive supervision program: \$100.00;
- 5. Special hearings unit: \$200.00;
- 6. Title 9 child abuse and neglect cases: \$500.00; and
- 7. Title 30 termination of parental rights cases: \$750.00.

Each year, the OPD represents in excess of 125,000 clients, and the new proposed rule will affect those individuals. Knowing the total actual cost for legal representation prior to the rendering of any service will enable clients to commence payments sooner, and it may decrease the need for the OPD to enact a lien if full payment is received prior to disposition of the case.

New subsections (c) through (f) set forth that the defendant will be billed the actual costs under certain circumstances when the OPD does not represent the defendant, but does provide ancillary services and/or transcripts; the OPD will bill clients at the end of the case if the bill has not been paid; no client will be denied services; and partial payments and installment payments may be approved by the Public Defender or designee. New subsection (g) states that all cases closed prior to the effective date of this subchapter shall be billed the hourly rate currently in effect and all cases opened on or after the effective date of this subchapter will be billed at the flat fee rate.

As the OPD has provided a 60-day comment period on this notice of proposal, this notice is excepted from the rulemaking calendar requirement, pursuant to N.J.A.C. 1:30-3.3(a)5.

TREASURY — GENERAL PROPOSALS

Social Impact

The proposed new rule will continue to assist the OPD in meeting its statutory obligation. Since no client can be denied services based on an inability to pay, no client will go unrepresented and there will be no disruption in legal representation or court calendars.

Ordinarily, the client is sent a bill after the case file is closed. Under the proposed new rule, the client knows the total actual cost for legal representation prior to the rendering of any service, thus enabling payments to commence sooner. It also may decrease the need for the OPD to enact a lien, if full payment is received prior to disposition of the case.

Because the Public Defender, or his or her designee, has the statutory authority to compromise and settle claims for services, the financial circumstances of a client will continue to be taken into account in determining whether to settle and on what terms under the proposed new rule.

Economic Impact

During the period July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2012, under the existing hourly billing format of \$30.00 per hour for attorney services, \$15.00 per hour for investigator services, and actual costs for litigation (experts and transcripts) expenses, the average cost incurred by OPD clients ranged from a low of \$73.00 to a high of \$3,713.00. Under the flat fee proposal, OPD clients would receive the same level of legal representation, to include all attorney and investigator services, as well as any litigation (experts and transcripts) expenses; however, the cost would be a flat rate based solely on case type and/or degree of associated crime. The following chart contains a comparison of client costs incurred between the current hourly billing format and the proposed flat fee format

Current Average Billed	Proposed Flat Fee
\$128.00	\$125.00
\$327.00	\$325.00
\$3,713.00	\$750.00
\$128.00	\$125.00
\$327.00	\$325.00
\$3,713.00	\$500.00
\$132.00	\$125.00
\$508.00	\$500.00
\$132.00	\$125.00
\$508.00	\$500.00
\$125.00	\$125.00
\$149.00	\$125.00
\$73.00	\$70.00
\$241.00	\$200.00
\$1,048.00	\$500.00
\$2,363.00	\$750.00
	\$128.00 \$327.00 \$3,713.00 \$128.00 \$327.00 \$3,713.00 \$132.00 \$508.00 \$132.00 \$508.00 \$125.00 \$149.00 \$73.00 \$241.00 \$1,048.00

Ordinarily, it is only after the closing of a case file that the client is sent a bill for OPD representation. However, under the proposed new rule, the client knows the total actual cost for legal representation prior to the rendering of any service, thus enabling payments to commence sooner. If full payment is received prior to disposition of the case, the proposed new rule also may decrease the need for the OPD to enact a

lien. It is also the OPD's expectation that a higher percentage of clients will pay for OPD services. Finally, this proposed new rule will result in administrative savings due to increased effectiveness and efficiency in OPD operations.

Whether using the existing hourly billing format of \$30.00 per hour for attorney services, \$15.00 per hour for investigator services, and actual

PROPOSALS TREASURY — TAXATION

costs for litigation (experts and transcripts) expenses, or replacing it with a flat case fee, both methods represent only a fraction of the cost to the OPD of providing client services. In view of the fact that OPD clients are indigent, as defined by the court pursuant to N.J.S.A. 2A:158A-14, any other increase is not appropriate at this time. No other agencies will be impacted by the proposed new rule.

Federal Standards Statement

A Federal standards analysis is not required, because there are no Federal requirements applicable to the subject matter of the proposed new rule

Jobs Impact

The proposed new rule will not directly impact the number of jobs, either generated or lost. The rule applies to individuals only and not to business entities.

Agriculture Industry Impact

The proposed new rule will not have an impact on the agriculture industry of the State.

Regulatory Flexibility Statement

The proposed new rule imposes no reporting, recordkeeping, or other compliance requirements upon small businesses, as defined under the Regulatory Flexibility Act, N.J.S.A. 52:14B-16 et seq., because it relates to those individuals represented by the OPD.

Housing Affordability Impact Analysis

The proposed new rule will not have an impact on housing affordability in the State. The proposed rule concerns fees for service charged by the OPD.

Smart Growth Development Impact Analysis

The proposed new rule will not have an impact on housing production in Planning Areas 1 and 2, or within designated centers, under the State Development and Redevelopment Plan. The proposed rule concerns fees for service charged by the OPD.

Full text of the proposed new rule follows:

CHAPTER 17 OFFICE OF THE PUBLIC DEFENDER

SUBCHAPTER 1.-2. (RESERVED)

SUBCHAPTER 3. FEES FOR SERVICE

17:39-3.1 Office of the Public Defender fees

- (a) Pursuant to N.J.S.A. 2A:158A-7(j), 16, and 19, the Office of the Public Defender (OPD) will charge its clients for the cost of attorney services, investigation, expert witnesses, and other actual costs of representation.
- (b) In all cases, the Office of the Public Defender will charge its clients a flat fee based on the case type and/or degree of crime. These rates will apply to all attorney and investigator services, including any litigation (experts and transcripts) expenses, provided by the OPD to provide representation to its clients pursuant to N.J.S.A. 2A:158A-7(d). As used in this subsection, "day" shall mean any court day during which any portion of the trial takes place to include jury selection at the front end and deliberations at the back end. The billing rates used in criminal cases are as follows:
 - 1. Criminal Court (Adult):
 - i. For 1st and 2nd degree crimes:
 - (1) Pre-indictment plea: \$250.00;
 - (2) Post-indictment plea: \$500.00;
 - (3) Trial (up to five days): \$750.00; and
 - (4) Trial (every three days beyond initial five): \$500.00; and
 - ii. For 3rd and 4th degree crimes:
 - (1) Pre-indictment plea: \$150.00;
 - (2) Post-indictment plea: \$250.00;
 - (3) Trial (up to five days): \$500.00; and
 - (4) Trial (every three days beyond initial five): \$500.00;
 - 2. Family Court (Juvenile Delinquency):
 - i. For 1st and 2nd degree crimes:

- (1) Plea: \$250.00;
- (2) Trial (up to five days): \$750.00; and
- (3) Trial (every three days beyond initial five): \$500.00; and
- ii. For 3rd and 4th degree crimes:
- (1) Plea: \$150.00;
- (2) Trial (up to five days): \$500.00; and
- (3) Trial (every three days beyond initial five): \$500.00;
- 3. Drug Court:
- i. Plea: \$250.00; and
- ii. Program completion: \$250.00;
- 4. Intensive supervision program: \$100.00;
- 5. Special hearings unit: \$200.00;
- 6. Title 9 child abuse and neglect cases: \$500.00; and
- 7. Title 30 termination of parental rights cases: \$750.00.
- (c) In cases where the OPD does not represent the defendant, but provides ancillary services and/or transcripts to the defendant pursuant to *Matter of Canady*, 126 *N.J.* 486 (1991) or *State v. Arenas*, 126 *N.J.* 504 (1991), the actual cost will be billed to the defendant.
- (d) The OPD will send the client a bill for all services rendered at the end of the case if the flat rate bill has not yet been paid.
- (e) No client will be denied services based on inability to pay any OPD fee
- (f) Nothing in this section shall preclude a client from arranging with the OPD to make partial or installment payments of any fee. Pursuant to N.J.S.A. 2A:158A-20, the Public Defender or the Public Defender's designee may compromise and settle any fee claim whenever the financial circumstances of the client involved are such that, in the judgment of the Public Defender or the designee, the best interests of the State will be served by such compromise and settlement.
- (g) Notwithstanding the provisions of (b) above, all cases closed prior to (the effective date of this rule) will be billed at the hourly rate of \$30.00 per hour for attorney services, in- or out-of-court, \$15.00 per hour for investigator services, and actual costs for litigation (experts and transcripts) expenses. All cases that are open on or after (the effective date of this rule) will be billed at the flat fee rate.

TREASURY — TAXATION

(a)

DIVISION OF TAXATION

Motor Fuels – Retail Sales Violations and Penalties

Proposed Amendment: N.J.A.C. 18:19-3.1

Authorized By: Michael J. Bryan, Director, Division of Taxation. Authority: N.J.S.A. 56:6-6.

Calendar Reference: See Summary below for an explanation of rulemaking calendar exception.

Proposal Number: PRN 2014-045.

Submit comments by June 20, 2014, to:

Mitchell C. Smith

Administrative Practice Officer, Regulatory Services

Division of Taxation

50 Barrack Street

PO Box 269

Trenton, NJ 08695-0269

Email: <u>Tax.RuleMakingComments@treas.state.nj.us</u>

The agency proposal follows:

Summary

The Division proposes to amend N.J.A.C. 18:19-3.1, Violations and penalties, in the rules dealing with the retail sales of motor fuels. N.J.S.A. 56:6-1 et seq. (the Act) was enacted into law by P.L. 1938, c. 163, and protects the interests of motorists and of retail dealers by facilitating and safeguarding the orderly distribution and marketing of motor fuels.

In 2007, the Legislature enacted P.L. 2007, c. 221, which amended the penalty provision of N.J.S.A. 56:6-3, in the Act. N.J.S.A. 56:6-3 applies